

China continues to drive demand for zinc

Maarten de Leeuw, General Manager Commercial Operations



Important Notice

- This presentation has been prepared by the management of Nyrstar NV (the "Company"). It does not constitute or form part of, and should not be construed as, an offer, solicitation or invitation to subscribe for, underwrite or otherwise acquire, any securities of the Company or any member of its group nor should it or any part of it form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with, any contract to purchase or subscribe for any securities of the Company or any member of its group, nor shall it or any part of it form the basis of or be relied on in connection with any contract or commitment whatsoever.
- The information included in this presentation has been provided to you solely for your information and background and is subject to updating, completion, revision and amendment and such information may change materially. Unless required by applicable law or regulation, no person is under any obligation to update or keep current the information contained in this presentation and any opinions expressed in relation thereto are subject to change without notice. No representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to the fairness, accuracy, reasonableness or completeness of the information contained herein. Neither the Company nor any other person accepts any liability for any loss howsoever arising, directly or indirectly, from this presentation or its contents.
- This presentation includes forward-looking statements that reflect the Company's intentions, beliefs or current expectations concerning, among other things, the Company's results of operations, financial condition, liquidity, performance, prospects, growth, strategies and the industry in which the Company operates. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions and other factors that could cause the Company's actual results of operations, financial condition, liquidity, performance, prospects, growth or opportunities, as well as those of the markets it serves or intends to serve, to differ materially from those expressed in, or suggested by, these forward-looking statements. The Company cautions you that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and that its actual results of operations, financial condition and liquidity and the development of the industry in which the Company operates may differ materially from those made in or suggested by the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation. In addition, even if the Company's results of operations, financial condition, liquidity and growth and the development of the industry in which the Company operates are consistent with the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, those results or developments may not be indicative of results or developments in future periods. The Company and each of its directors, officers and employees expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to review, update or release any update of or revisions to any forward-looking statements in this presentation or any change in the Company's expectations or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which these forward-looking statements are based, except as required by applicable law or regulation.
- This document and any materials distributed in connection with this document are not directed to, or intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity that is a citizen or resident or located in any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation or which would require any registration or licensing within such jurisdiction.
- The distribution of this document in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law and persons into whose possession this document comes should inform themselves about, and observe any such restrictions. The Company's shares have not been and will not be registered under the US Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration under the Securities Act or exemption from the registration requirement thereof.

Introduction to Nyrstar

Last year's main messages

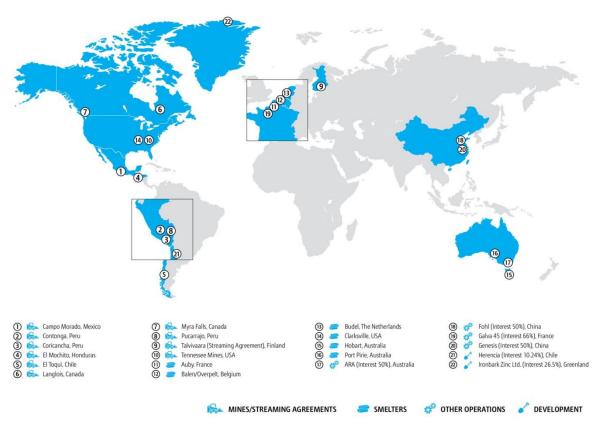
What has happened to date in 2011

Conclusion

Nyrstar at a Glance

Nyrstar is an integrated mining and metals business, with market leading positions in zinc and lead, and growing positions in other base and precious metals

- World's largest zinc smelting company
 - 1.1 million tpa zinc metal
- Top five zinc mining company
 - 475,000 tpa zinc in concentrate¹
- Major lead producer
 - 250,000 tpa lead metal
 - 28,000 tpa lead in concentrate²
- Other products
 - 23.8 million troy ounces silver^{3,4}
 - 119,000 troy ounces gold³
 - 15,000 tpa copper in concentrate²



Based on full production of mining assets (expected by end of 2012) compared against Brook Hunt's 2010 zinc mining company rankings Based on full production of mining assets (expected by end of 2012)

Combined mining and smelter capacity at full production.

Nyrstar's Strategy

Our 2020 vision

 To be the leading integrated mining and metals business

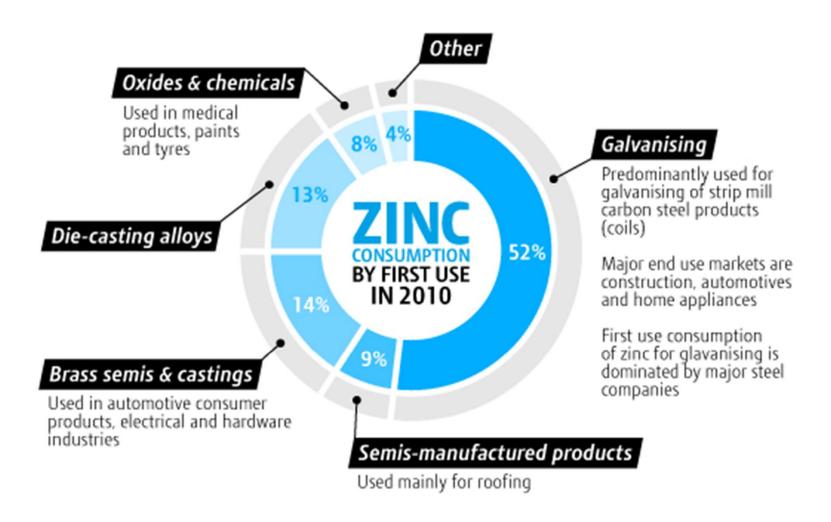
Our mission

 To capture the maximum value inherent in mineral resources through deep market insight and unique processing capabilities, generating superior returns for our shareholders

We aim to continue our journey towards our vision through acquisitions and organic growth, whilst also continuously improving each of our operations, seeking untapped value and excellence, and leveraging the passion and dedication of our people



Zinc main markets



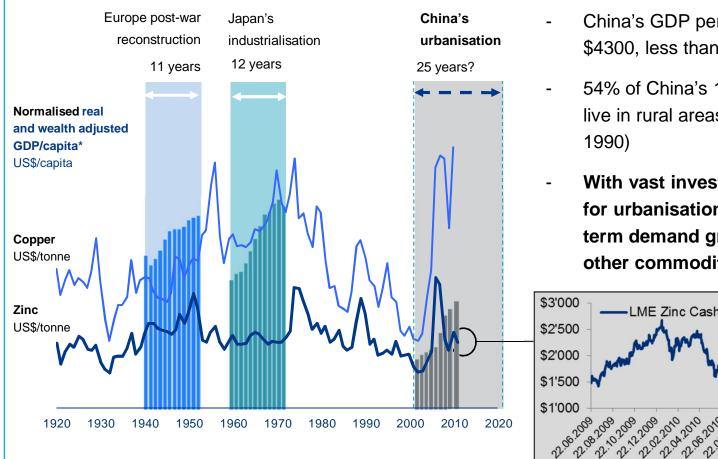
Introduction to Nyrstar

Last year's main messages

What has happened to date in 2011

Conclusion

Metals: We said that we believe that Economic growth is driving demand



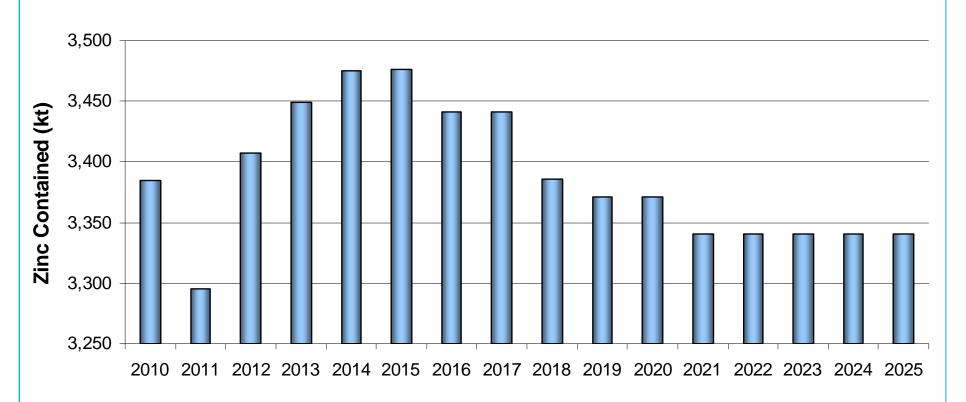
- China's GDP per capita is still only \$4300, less than 10% of US
- 54% of China's 1.3 billion people still live in rural areas (64% in 2000, 74% in
- With vast investment still required for urbanisation, sustained longterm demand growth for zinc and other commodities is expected



Raw materials:

We said that China will struggle to develop its raw material needs

China domestic zinc contained mine production (2010-2025)



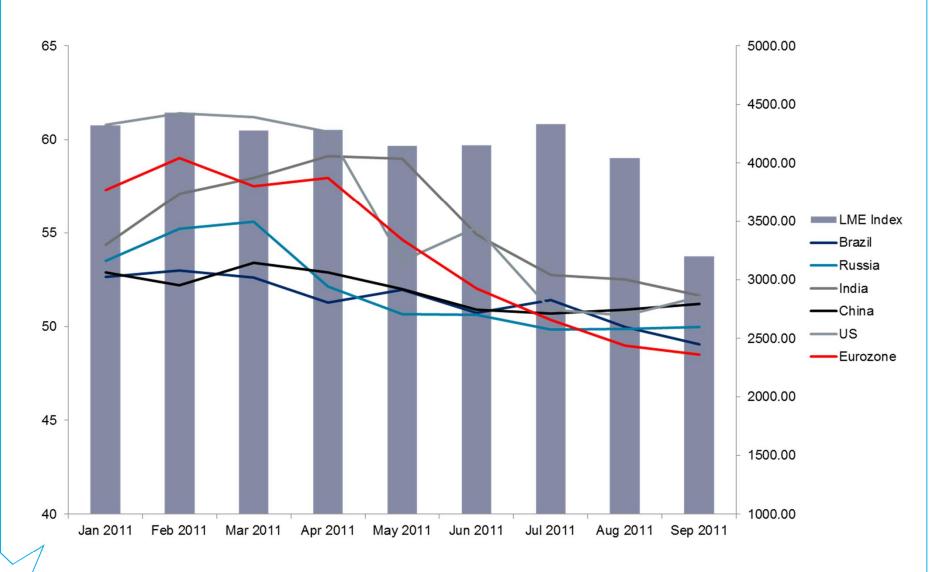
Introduction to Nyrstar

Last year's main messages

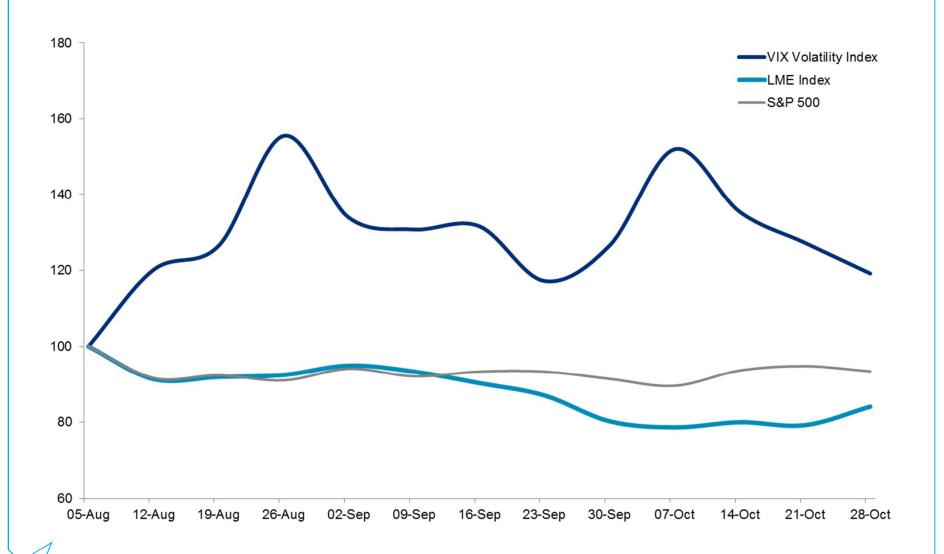
What has happened to date in 2011

Conclusion

Global PMIs have decreased sharply, led by Eurozone concerns



Rising recent uncertainty has also led to losses in base metals...



Continuing strong demand has not translated into appreciation of the zinc price

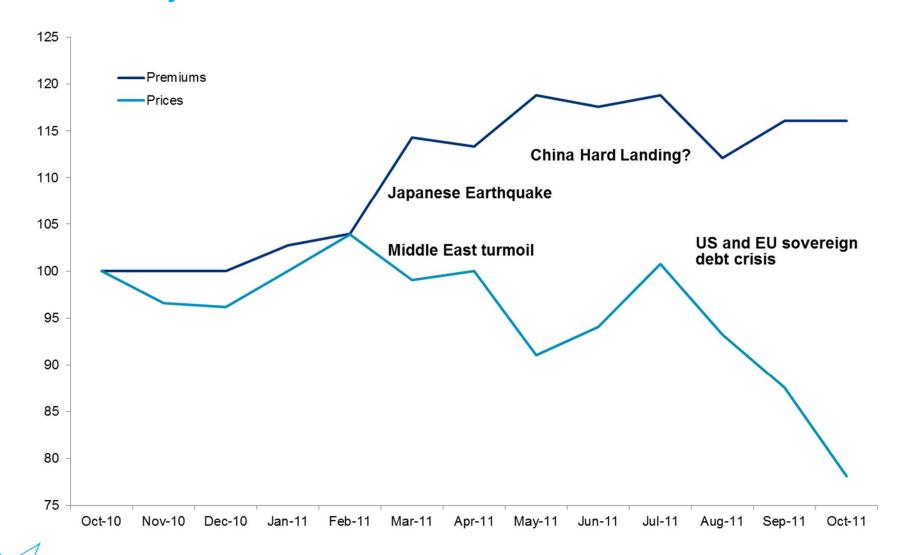
Consumption Growth Rates 20% 15% 10% 5% 0% -5% -10% -15% -20% -25% 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015

Source: Wood Mackenzie 2011

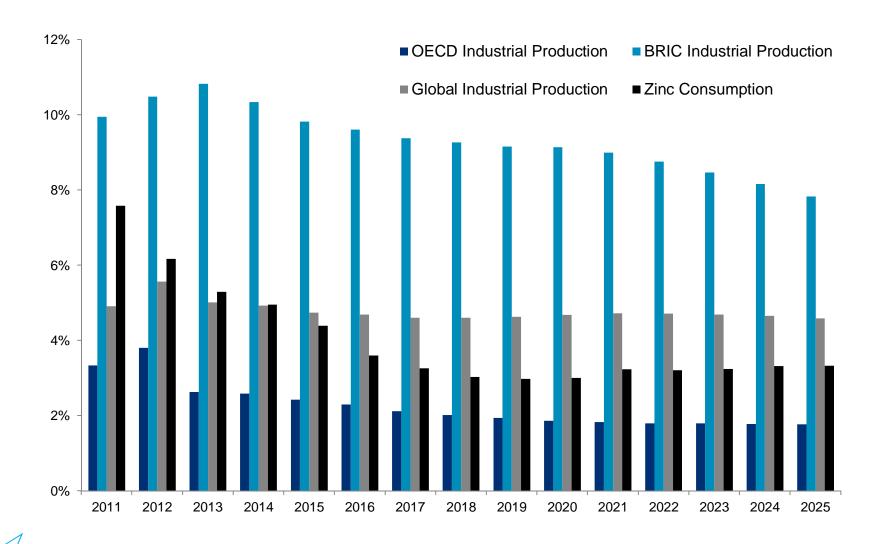


Source: London Metal Exchange, Reutuers

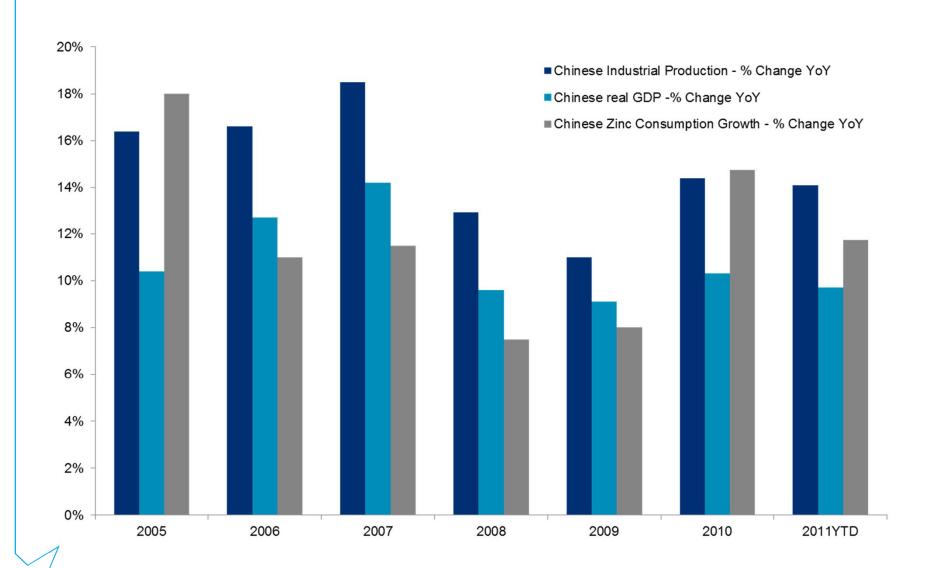
Outside factors are however at play - physical market activity is still healthy



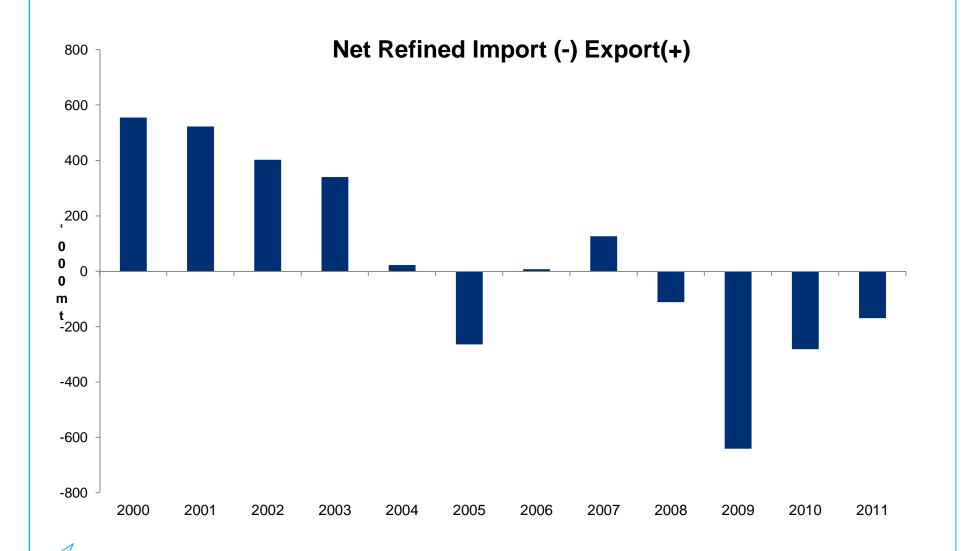
Strong continued growth from BRICs is expected for the foreseeable future...



... and Chinese growth in particular is still very strong

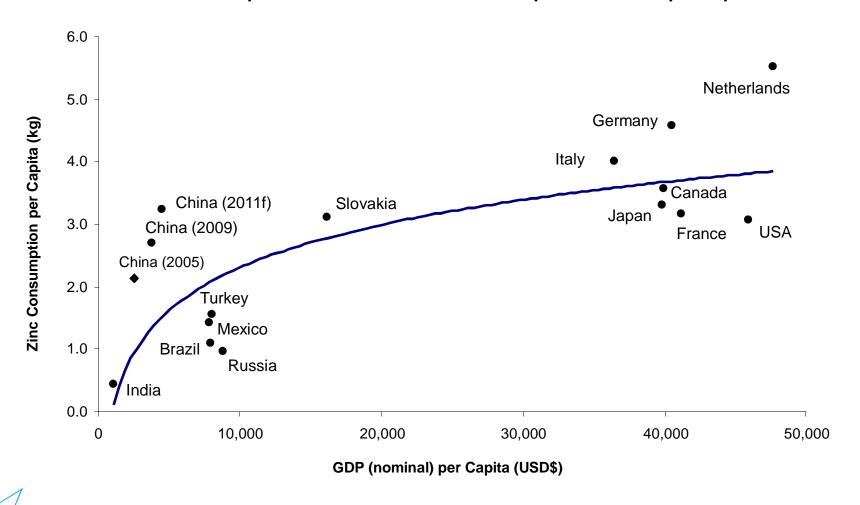


China is now a consistent net importer of metal...

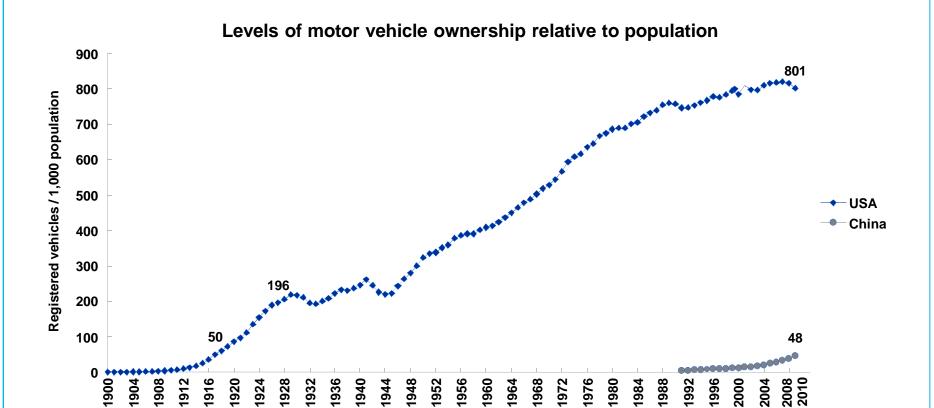


On a per capita basis, growth potential remains strong

Relationship between first use zinc consumption and GDP per capita

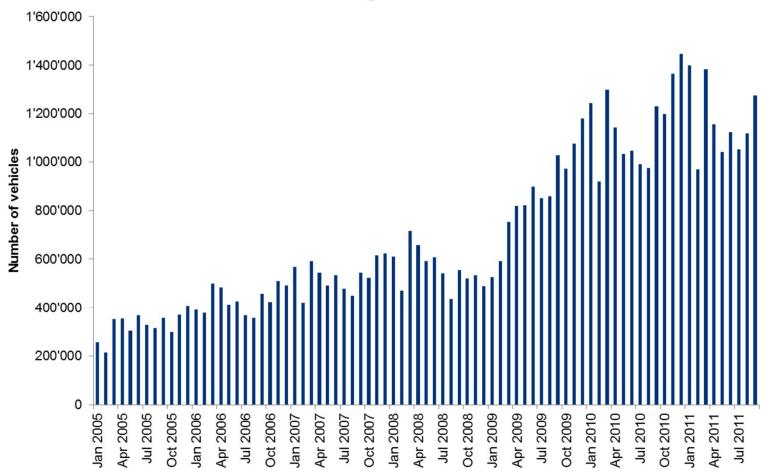


Automobile ownership in China still in its infancy

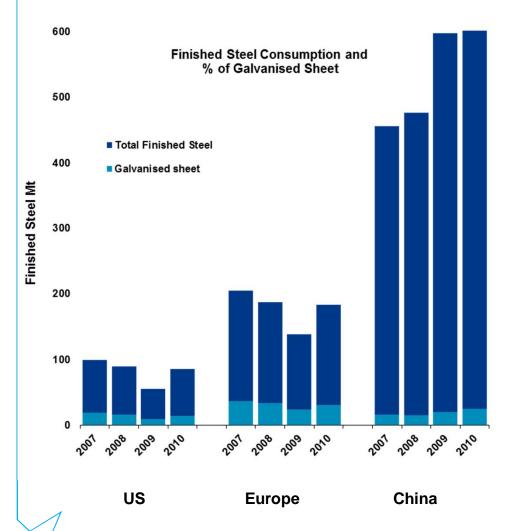


Chinese automobile production is a key growth area

Chinese Passenger Car Production

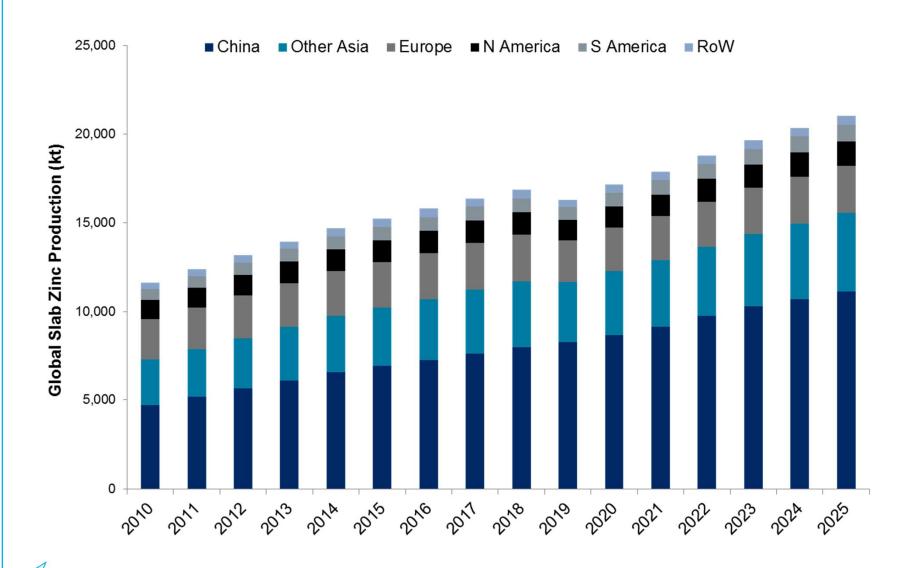


Construction growth combined with increased galvanisation percentages will continue to drive demand



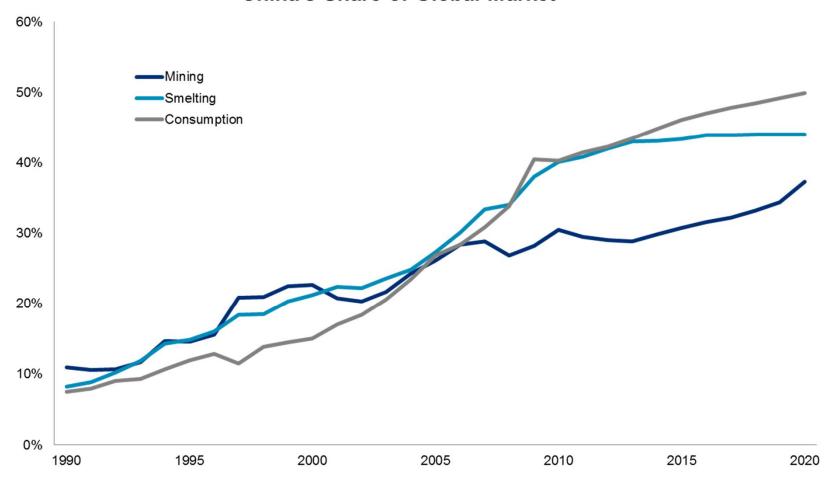
- Approximately 4% of China's steel consumption is in galvanised sheet form (18% in Europe & US)
- As China's urbanisation progresses:
 - Steel demand will continue to grow
 - Steel product mix will shift
 - Increase in galvanized flat products
 - Galvanised steel has so far increased by 18.9%
- If China consumed a similar ratio of galvanized to finished steel as Europe and US, it would require an additional 5mln mt of zinc

China is 40% of the zinc market, and growing

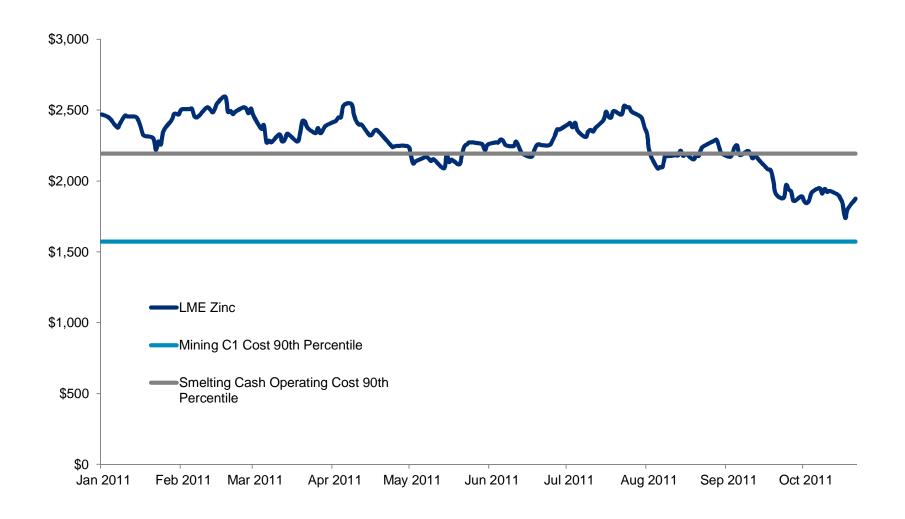


China's importance has grown exponentially as a consumer as well as a producer

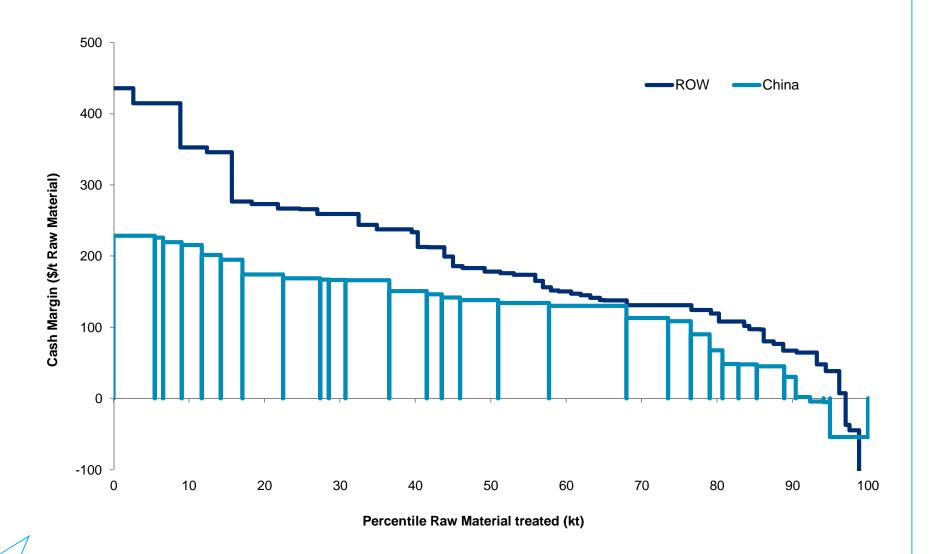
China's Share of Global Market



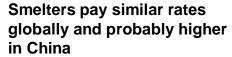
Current price environment is below operating costs of a number of smelters

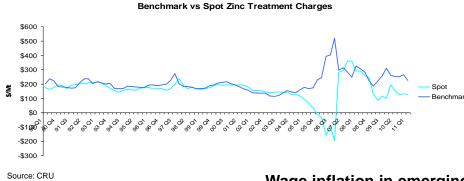


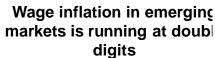
China's smelter margins are lower than for ROW smelters



China faces tough challenges in zinc production

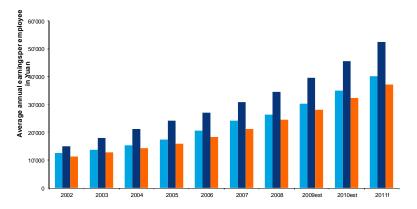




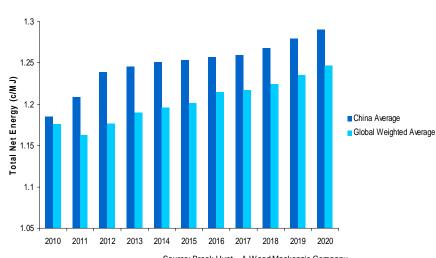


Earnings in urban manufacturing units in China

- Earnings in smelting and pressing of nonferrous metals
- Earnings in smelting and pressing of ferrous metals
- All subsectors



Total Net Energy Cost Forecast 2010-2020

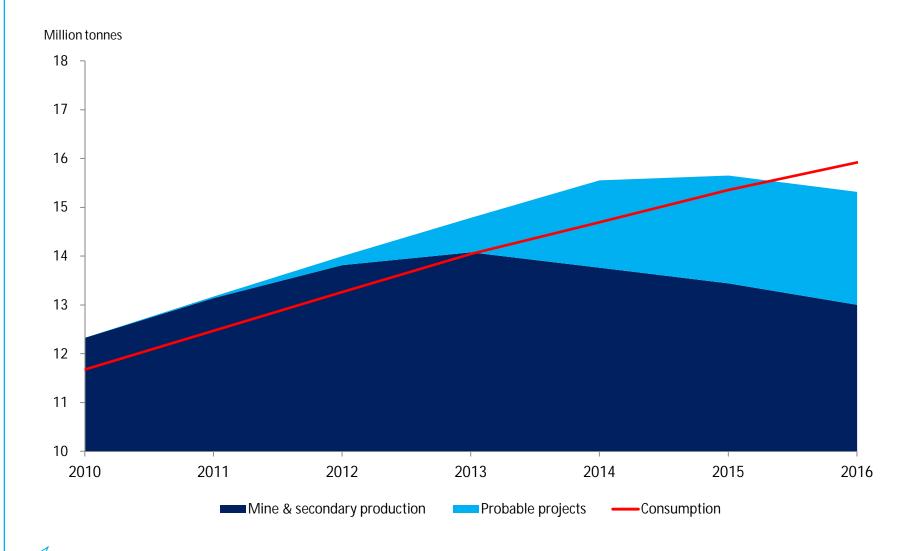


Source: Brook Hunt - A Wood Mackenzie Company

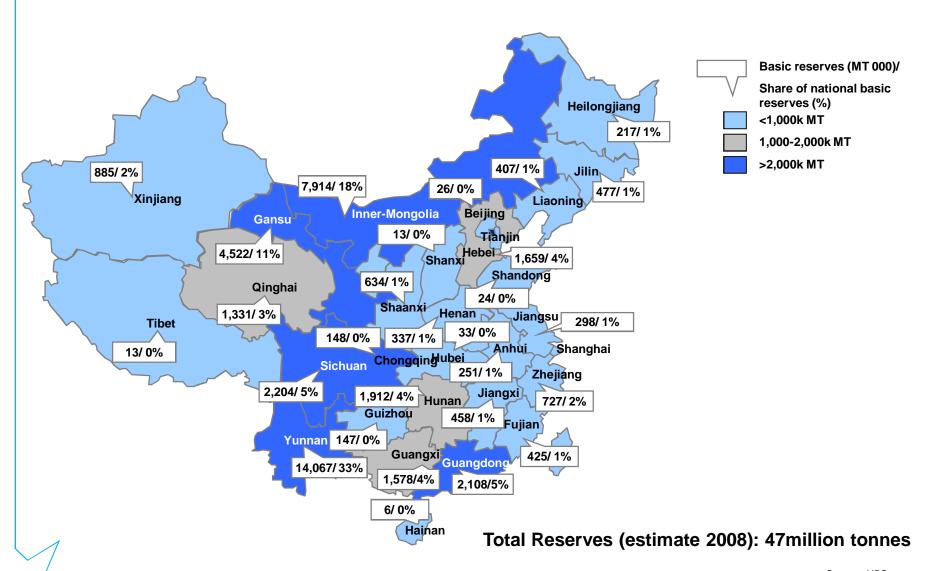
Energy is becoming more globalised, geographical advantages less pronounced

Source: China National Bureau of Statistics, China Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security, Nyrstar estimates

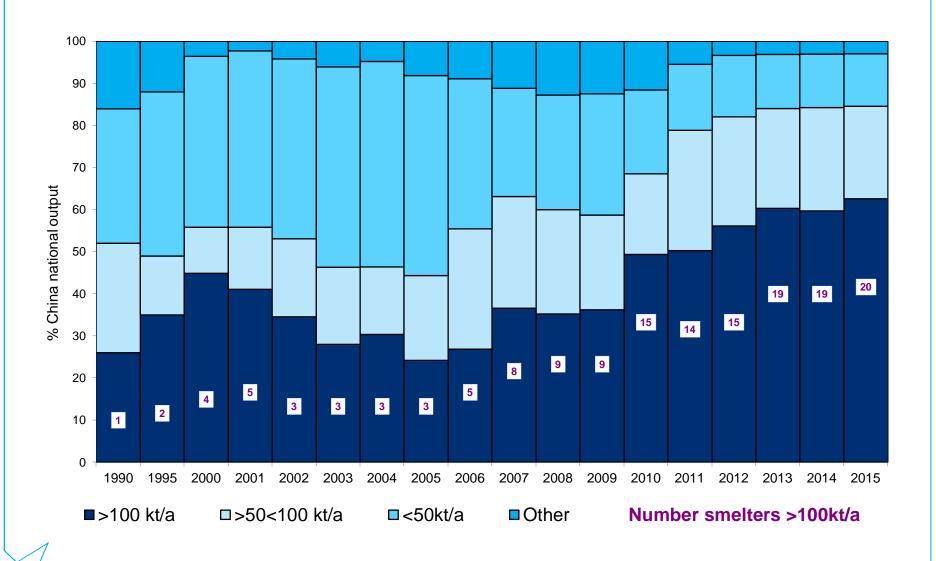
This takes place in a well supplied market for concentrate



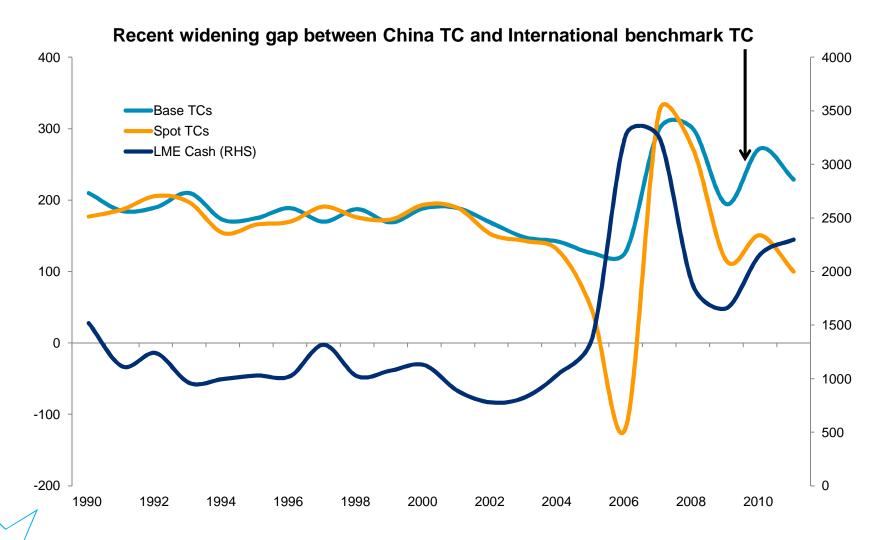
Potential for China raw materials growth remains as China sits on significant reserves



Greater consolidation is likely to happen



With China gaining importance as a large net importer, raw materials costs should come down (i.e. Treatment Charges should rise)



Introduction to Nyrstar

Last year's main messages

What has happened to date in 2011

Conclusion

Conclusions

- There are strong growth prospects ahead and the current uncertainty looks unlikely to challenge the supply demand picture which is strongly supported by the continued industrialisation of China and other BRIC countries
- Recent lower PMIs and poor performance of base metals prices have not made much of an impact on zinc consumption growth in China or other BRIC countries
- There are however, significant cost pressures for smelters, particularly in China given rising raw material, energy and labor costs
- Therefore raw material prices will need to come down (i.e. Treatment Charges need to go up). The vast majority of mines globally and in China are still profitable and in contrast to the other major cost factors for smelters (energy and labor costs) raw material costs can actually be materially influenced by the smelting industry

Questions